

The Newport Mercury

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NEWPORT, SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1844.

Established
A. D. 1758

The Newport Mercury
IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY
J. H. BARBER.
No. 133, Thames Street.

Terms—Two DOLLARS per annum.

Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arrearages are paid.

Single papers six cents, to be had at the Office.

JOB PRINTING.

such as Hand Bills, Posting Bills, Circulars, Cards, Notifications, &c. &c., promptly executed at the usual prices.

STATIONERY, &c.

STEEL PENS; Lead Pencils; Slate Pencils; Ink Stands; Wafers; Pen Holders; Blue Ink; Taylor's Black Ink, superior to any other; Ink Powder; Writing and Letter Paper, of the best quality; Quills; Pencil Leads; Black Sand; Wallets; Account Books of various sizes; Commercial Blanks; Bill Paper, &c. &c. For sale at No. 133 Thames street, by
J. H. BARBER.

Fairy Bank Cottage.
AT THE BEACH,
One of the pleasantest places on Rhode-Island.

THIS Establishment is now open for the reception of company. Persons visiting the Beach, who may choose to stop a few hours at the Cottage, can be accommodated with rooms, and supplied with Ice Creams, Water Ices, Lemonade, Soda Water, Ale, Beer, Cider, Fruit, Cake, Pastry, &c. &c., all of which will be furnished as cheap as the articles can be obtained anywhere and warranted of the first quality.

Picknick and other Pleasure parties accommodated with rooms by the hour or day.

Ice Creams, Water Ices, and every other article usually made at Confectionary Establishments, made to order and of the very best materials.

Orders left at the Cottage or at the Store, corner of Frank and Thames streets, will be punctually attended to.

T. STACY JR.
Newport, July 6.

TO LET.

and possession given immediately.
THE large and commodious room, (directly over the *Mercury Office*), suitable for an Office or a School room. For terms apply to
J. M. HAMMETT.
No. 133 1-2 Thames street.
July 13.

DENTISTRY.

L. F. GALLUP, M. D.
Respectfully informs that he boards and lodges at Mr. Francis Carr's in Broad street; but for the convenience of his patients, has taken the Hunter Office in Mary street, between Clarke and Thames streets, where he can be found from 9 to 1, and from 2 to 6 o'clock, prepared to attend to those who require his attention in Medicine, Surgery or Dentistry. At other hours he can be found at his boarding house
July 18.

London Brown Stout,
In pint bottles, four years old, a prime article. Just received and for sale at the Confectionary of
T. STACY JR.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice, that he has taken the Store, corner of Banister's wharf and Thames street, and directly opposite the Eagle Hotel, where he intends keeping a general assortment of Fruits, Preserves, Jellies, Spices, Catsups, Pickles, Macaroni, Vermacilla, Nuts, bottled, and Draft Ale; bottled Cider, Porter & Beer by the dozen or single bottle; bottled and Fountain Soda Water, with or without Syrups, by the doz. or single bottle; Havana and Principe Cigars; Fine Cut Chewing, Turkish and American Smoking Tobacco; Pipes, Bird Cages and Bird Seed; and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.
T. S. STANHOPE.
Newport, May 18th.—tf.

Superior Seidlitz Powders
AND Seidlitz Water, in bottles, just received and for sale at the Confectionary of
T. STACY JR.

SPRING FASHIONS.

JOSEPH M. HAMMETT,
TAILOR & DRAPER,
No. 133 1-2
THAMES STREET,

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the Clothes wearing community in general, that he has opened the Spring campaign, with a full and fashionable assortment of goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Stocks, Gloves, Suspenders,

and almost every article for Gentlemen's wear.

He is now prepared to manufacture on the most reasonable terms, every description of **Fashionable Clothing,** at short notice.—If you want good bargains try J. M. Hammett, No. 133 1-2 Thames st., (directly under the *Mercury Office*) and you will never regret it, but it will induce you to call again.

CUTTING particularly attended to. **STRANGERS** visiting the town who are in want of Clothing, will find it to their advantage to call as above.
Newport, April 6.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed Executor of the last will and testament of **GEORGE BROWN,** late of Little Compton, decd., and has accepted of said trust and qualified himself according to law. He therefore requests all the debtors and creditors of said estate to make settlement with him without delay.

HUMPHREY BROWN, Executor.
Little Compton, March 11.

SODA SYRUPS of various kinds, and Bottled **SODA WATER** from the celebrated House of Rushton & Co., New York, just received and for sale at the Confectionary and Variety Store of
T. STACY, JR.
July 20.

DANCING SCHOOL.

MR. D. T. CAPRON, respectfully announces to his friends in Newport, that he has opened his Dancing School at the Masonic Hall.

Particular attention will be given to those placed under his care.

P. S. A class for Gentlemen will be attended to at 8 o'clock, in the evening.

Terms \$6 for 24 lessons.

May 18th.—tf.

FOR SALE.

A very pleasantly situated and valuable **FARM**, laying on the East side of this Island, and 4 1-2 miles from Newport, being partly in Middletown and partly in Portsmouth, containing about 110 acres of excellent Land; it is well fenced with stone wall.—The Farm has on it a double two story dwelling house, a good wash room and milk house, a crib and grain house, and a large double barn; all the above buildings are in good repair—there is also a mill of good soft water, and a water grist mill that will rent for \$50 per year, and is in excellent grinding order.—There is also a large full grown greenling orchard, and a young orchard; both orchards are in full bearing of fruit.—The Farm will be sold on reasonable terms as to price and credit, and any one wishing to secure an independence for life, will do well to purchase—it is seldom such a Farm is offered for sale on this Island.

ROBINSON POTTER.

Save Your Postage.

A LIBERAL OFFER.

THE New England Book and Periodical Company have made arrangements by which any person subscribing to them, and paying the regular subscription price, for any Monthly, Bi-Monthly, Quarterly, Foreign or American Magazine, can have the same supplied by mail, **post paid**, to any part of the United States.

All newspapers excepted by the above offer. Persons subscribing to an agent are not entitled to free postage.

All payments must be made free of expense to us, and in advance. Post Masters are authorised to frank all moneys to pay for periodicals.

Of our ability to fulfil our part of the above offer, the best reference will be given when requested.

All communications must be addressed to the **New England Book and Periodical Company, 22** Court Street, Boston.

N. B. Publishers giving this six conspicuous insertions, and sending us a paper marked shall be entitled to any magazine they may order; price not to exceed three dollars.
Boston, Feb 17, 1844.

New Goods,

AT NO.
99 1-2,
OLD STAND.

JAMES MUMFORD

HAS this day received a most splendid assortment of Seasonable Dry Goods, among which may be found balizeens, mousselin de laines, crape de laines, Eolaines, alpines, balizeen lawns, shawls of every description and quality, Silks, black, blue, black, lavender, fawn and other colours, cotton, worsted and silk hosiery of every quality, brown and bleached cottons, calicoes, chintz, cheex, needles, pins and tapes, silk twist, and thread, broadcloths, cassimeres, sattinets, summer cloths, gambroons, brown and bleached linsens, linen sheetings, linen damask, damask table cloths, doilies, colored & worsted table cloths, colored doilies, embossed table carpets, with many other goods too numerous to mention, all of which he will sell as low as can be bought at any other store in town. He would respectfully invite his old friends and the public generally to call and see for themselves. Goods delivered at any part of the town free of expense.

Also, on hand, two pieces of Hale's patent India Rubber cloth for over coats, carriage covers, or any purpose for which a water proof article is wanted.
June 1, 1844.—6w.

FRUIT! FRUIT!

Just received and for sale, Oranges, Lemons, Pine Apples, Cocoanuts, Figs, Prunes, &c.
T. STACY, JR.
July 13.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. Clerk's Office Supreme Court July 19, 1844.

WHEREAS Rosina Sprague wife of Simon Sprague, of New Shoreham in the county of Newport, hath filed her petition in this office, praying said Court would pass a decree of divorce dissolving the bond of matrimony now existing between her and her said husband.

Notice is therefore hereby given to the said Simon Sprague to appear, if he shall see fit, at said Supreme Court, next to be holden at Newport, in and for said county, on the fourth Monday of August next, 1844, then and there to respond to said petition.

WILLIAM GILPIN, Clerk.

For Newport & Providence.

The Steamer
IOLAS,
CAPT. B. F. WOOLSEY.

Will leave Newport and Providence as follows:—

Leave Providence every morning, Sundays excepted, Monday at 9 1-2 a. m., Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday & Friday at 8 o'clock a. m., Saturday 8 and 5 p. m.

Leave Newport, every afternoon, Sundays excepted, Monday, at 6 a. m. and 3 p. m., Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday at 3 p. m., Saturdays at 2 o'clock.

FARE 50 CENTS.

The *Iolas* will accommodate military, fire, and all other societies, on reasonable terms, and also families making an excursion to Newport. All children under 6 years, in company with their parents, without charge; over 6 and under 15 years, 25 cents.

Freight taken at very reduced rates. This arrangement will connect with the Train for New York.

N. B. All persons are forbid trusting any one on account of the above Boat or owners.
August 10.

NEW

Paper Hangings,

which surpass in variety and low prices any before offered for sale by
M. FREEBORN.
April 6, 1844.

FOR SALE.

At the Shop of the late Andrew Winslow in Broad Street.

A LARGE quantity of Hinges, Gate Hangings, Hay and Manure forks, Iron bars, Hoes, Ox chains, Hay knives, Shovels & Tongs, Axes, Hatchets, Bush knives, Stone hammers, Pick-Axes, Corn knives, Drills, Spoon Shovels, Hooks, Garden forks, Chopping knives, Files, Spikes, Staples, Carriage springs, Drawing-knives, Stone sledges, with a variety of other articles all of which will be sold at very reduced prices by
ANDREW WINSLOW
WANTON T. SHERMAN, Ad'mrs
Newport, July 6.

FOR SALE or TO LET.

THE House in Howard Street now occupied by Mrs. S. P. Mason. For terms apply to
R. P. LEE.
Newport, June 29.

FOR SALE,

50 BUSHELS clean **SEED BARLEY** of the first quality.
Apply to
J. D. NORTHAM.
April 20.

\$25 REWARD:

THE above reward will be paid for such information as will lead to the detection and conviction of the villain or villains who broke and defaced the grave stone of the late Mrs. Margaret E. Foster, in the Public Burial Place of this town, any one who can give the least information concerning this base transaction, will confer a lasting obligation by imparting the same to me, and it is earnestly requested that all who cherish feelings of attachment to the final resting place of their friends will aid in bringing to light the person or persons who committed this outrage.

By order,
B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.
Newport, June 15.

R. I. Bridge Company.

AT the annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the *Rhode Island Bridge Company* held Monday July 29th, 1844, the following gentlemen were elected directors for the year ensuing, viz:—
Stephen T. Northam, Nathaniel S. Ruggles, Robert B. Cranston, William Littlefield, William A. Clarke, Peleg Clarke, and Isaac Burdick.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Nathaniel S. Ruggles was elected President, in the place of Audley Clarke, deceased.

W. A. CLARKE, Clerk & Treasurer.
Newport, August 3.

\$20 Reward.

Stolen on Thursday night from a stable in Portsmouth, R. I., near the residence of Miss Sarah Gibbs, a bay horse about 16 hands high, with black mane and tail, the property of **DR. ROBERT HARE, of Philadelphia.** The above reward will be paid for the delivery of said horse at **BROWN'S** Aug. 10] Tavern, Portsmouth.

TO LET

House No. 145 corner of Thames & Mary street. For particulars as to terms &c., apply to
R. J. TAYLOR.
Newport, March 9 *

BOTTLED ALE, PORTER AND CIDER.

Just received at STACY'S Confectionary.
July 13.

Plumbe Daguerrian Gallery,

OF PATENT

Colored Photographs,

At the Malbone House, Thames street, Newport; 75 Court street, Boston; 251 Broadway, N. York; 136 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, constituting the oldest and most extensive establishment of the kind in the world, and containing upwards of 1000 PICTURES. Admittance Free.

A METHOD has been discovered, and known only at this place, of painting the exact complexion and every variety of color in the dress.—Thus in addition to the unerring fidelity of the likeness, you have all the rich effects and high finish of the most exquisite paintings.

These portraits having been awarded the first premiums and highest honors by the American and Franklin Institutes respectively at their last exhibitions, are thus officially sustained in the positions of superiority heretofore universally assigned them by the public as the most beautiful Daguerreotypes ever produced.

Persons sitting for their Miniatures at this establishment are guaranteed a perfect likeness, colored exactly to nature, or no charge. Likenesses taken every day without regard to weather.

Plumbe's premium Apparatus & Rights, Plates Cases, &c. at wholesale and retail.
Newport, December 9, 1843.

NEW

TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE

Establishment.

THE subscribers have taken the store No. 127 Thames Street, nearly opposite the store of Messrs Finch & Engle, and have entered into co-partnership under the name of

Coggeshall & Bliss,

for the purpose of manufacturing every description of *Tin and Sheet Iron Ware*.—They will sell on **REASONABLE TERMS** to suit the times.

They have on hand a lot of plain Japan and Britannia Ware. They also intend keeping on hand an assortment of Sheet and Cast Iron **STOVES** of the most approved patterns.

N. B. All kinds of **Job Work** in the above line done to order.

A share of public patronage is solicited with the assurance that no pains will be spared to give satisfaction to all who may favour them with orders in their line of business.

FREEBORN COGGESHALL.
WILLIAM H. BLISS.
Newport, Aug. 10, 1844.—tf.

Bottled Soda Water,

With and without Syrups, just received and for sale by **T. STACY, JR.**

Late Foreign Intelligence

Arrival of the Acadia.

15 DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The royal mail steamer *Acadia*, Capt. Harrison, left Liverpool on the 4th inst., arrived at Halifax on the 16th, left there same night, and arrived at Boston Sunday afternoon about 3 o'clock. She brought 77 passengers from Liverpool, and 25 from Halifax. By this arrival the latest advices from all parts of the Eastern world have been received.

Nothing of interest has been done in parliament since our last advices. It was expected on the 3d that in the course of a week the business of parliament would close, when it would be prorogued, so as to afford the judges and law lords an opportunity of discussing and coming to some decision on the writ of error in the case of O'Connell and the other state prisoners. Judgment, it is understood, will be given some time before the end of August.

The *Britannia* arrived at Liverpool on the morning of the 28th ult.

The *Great Western* arrived at Liverpool from New York a few hours previous to the departure of the *Acadia* for Boston.

The experiment of Capt. Warron on a vessel called the *John o'Gaunt*, off Brighton, which he sank by an invisible agency, the secret of which he is anxious to sell to the government, has created more than ordinary interest. As a mere 'sight' the sudden and unaccountable destruction of the ship, in the presence of some forty thousand spectators, was at once novel and theatrical. Numerous have been the guesses as to the means, by which the result was produced: the most probable is, that the instruments of destruction were loaded magnetic shells, rendered buoyant by cork, which attracted by the iron of the ship, would possess sufficient force and friction to explode the detonating materials.

The misunderstanding at Tahiti between the French had increased since the public attention was last directed to it. It will afford Peel and Guizot a nut to crack during the parliamentary recess of their respective countries. A good deal of vexation and ill blood exists in England on the subject.

Frightful accident at Blackfriars bridge. On the evening of the 22d ult., a most melancholy accident occurred at Blackfriars-bridge, London, by the breaking down of the floating steamboat pier. A considerable number of men, women and children had assembled to witness the Bankside regatta, when suddenly the frail structure gave way, and precipitated about 20 persons into the water, which was then about ten feet deep, a majority of whom were drowned.

Court martial on Lieut. Gray.—A court martial has been held at Devonport on Lieut. Gray, at the instigation of the French government, for alleged misconduct in boarding and searching off the coast of Africa the French vessel *Luz d'Albuquerque*. The vessel in question had every appearance of being, and was in fact, a slave. The court sentenced Lieut. Gray to be severely reprimanded and cautioned him to be more particular in future.

Last week, a lime-burner near Sunderland was standing on the stones in the centre of the kiln, when they suddenly gave way, and he sank up to the shoulders in the fire. Before he could be drawn out by means of a rope he was so burnt that he died.

The senate of the University of London have recently come to the resolution of adopting academical costume for the under graduates and graduates of every degree conferred by that body. No collegiate dress has been hitherto worn by the members of this university.

Gross superstition.—The cathedral of Treves is in possession of a vestment without seam, said to have been worn by Christ. This precious garment is exposed to the faithful only once in every century, except when the Pope grants an express permission. This permission has been accorded by his Holiness this year, and the relic will be exhibited from August 15 to September 30. The last regular exhibition was in 1809.

Amongst the recent converts to the Catholic faith is the lady authoress, Harriet Pigot, who received the final sacrament of confirmation from the bishop of the western District, in Priory-chapel, near Bath, on Trinity Sunday last.

One of the inmates of the Metropolitan Benefit Societies' Asylum, at Ball's pond, Dalton, has given birth to no fewer than thirty-two children. On one occasion she was confined with four, and two with three children at a birth, besides at other times having given birth to twins.

IRELAND.—The usual weekly meeting of the repeal association took place on

Monday, July 23d. Captain Edward Bodrick, late of the 34th regiment, presided. Mr. W. S. O'Brien, M. P., handed in £200 from Halifax, Nova Scotia. Mr. D. O'Connell, Jr., said he had to give his usual bulletin from the prison. (Cheers.) The health and spirits of the prisoners were excellent, and in no way impaired by the imprisonment. (Hear, hear, and loud cheers.) The total amount of the week's rent was announced to be £1,558 11s 6d. The weekly meeting of this association was held on the 29th ult. at the Conciliation Hall.

Another Monster Meeting.—A requisition is on foot for a meeting on Tara Hill, on Thursday the 15th of August, the anniversary of the "monster meeting of 1843." Its objects are described to be, to prepare an address to the Liberator, and to declare, in the calm and earnest spirit of peace, the determination of the people of the county of Meath to persevere in seeking, by peaceable and constitutional means, the repeal of the act of union.

France and Morocco.—Despatches have been received from Marshall Bugeaud, informing his government that he had received despatches from the emperor of Morocco, to the effect, that he had ordered the Calipha, who had attacked the French troops, to be put into chains, and to be placed at the disposal of Marshal Bugeaud. The Marshal replied, that he should refuse receiving the prisoner until he had received further instruction from his government; and that, in the meantime, he should continue hostilities against the emperor.

According to the *National*, the French government have given orders to the Prince de Joinville to establish a strict blockade along the whole coast of Morocco, and to seize and sink all the ships belonging to the emperor's navy.

The celebration of the anniversaries of the three glorious days of July appears this year to be more than usually splendid.

The king and queen of the Belgians left Paris for Compeigne. They were expected to return to Brussels on the 29th July.

Spain.—We have the Madrid journals of the 26th, with a private letter of the same date. The following are extracts:—
"The posts have been relieved at a later hour today. The authorities it appears had some suspicions of the fidelity of one of the battalions who were to be on duty. The order of service was changed, thus making the relief take place some hours later.

Providence has just saved us from a frightful catastrophe—the plan said to have been in agitation was nothing less than to have set fire to the barracks, and, under favor of the first moment of confusion, to have assassinated the officers and chiefs, and to have delivered up the city to all the horrors of a pillage. These horrible schemes have, however, been defeated by the zeal and activity of our military and political authorities, and the admirable fidelity of the troops. Amongst the persons arrested, is a son of Don Alonso Carradero.

PORTUGAL.—The Lisbon advices of the 17th July announce, that the affairs of the government are in such a miserable plight that it had been obliged to suspend its payments, a bill for so small a sum as £120 having been protested.

The Duke of Palmella broke a blood vessel on his lungs, and continued in a very dangerous state, though not given over by his medical attendants.

ITALY.—A letter from Bologna of the 27th July, announces the execution of Signor Gardinghi on the preceding day by sentence of court martial.

The Papal states continue tranquil, the principal leaders of the late insurrection having either been taken prisoners or fled from Italy.

GREECE.—Letters from Athens of the 10th, state that a man, evidently a maniac, had forced his way into the palace, in spite of the opposition of the sentinel, who in the struggle, wounded the individual with his bayonet. The unfortunate maniac carried a roll of paper in his hand, which was considered to be a petition to the king, but, on examination, was found to be a rambling composition about Alexander the Great. The loss of a small property and domestic troubles are said to be the cause of his mental alienation. He has been placed in safe custody.

Bohemia.—The *Newemburg* correspondent states that the working classes of Brood, in Bohemia, had risen, en masse, and destroyed several factories.—Troops had arrived, however, from the neighboring garrisons and no doubt was entertained of the restoration of order.

Prussia.—The 26th of July, at the moment when the king of Prussia was about to set out on a journey, an assassin, named Tschack, burgomaster at a little village some leagues from Berlin, fired a pistol. The ball glanced off the king's breast, without doing him any mischief.—The king continued his journey. The assassin was arrested. He fired two barrels, and the queen, who was in the

carriage, would have been struck by one, had she not leaned back.

Turkey.—A letter from Constantinople of the 17th of July states that an extraordinary sensation had been created there by the publication of a French pamphlet in which the Turkish minister of finance and a celebrated banker and contractor are accused of a long-continued and enormous system of plunder upon the state purse. A report was in circulation at Constantinople, that the Russians had been beaten in a severe battle with the Circassians, and had lost a large portion of their army.

INDIA AND CHINA.—The dates from Bombay are to the 20th of June, from Calcutta to the 11th, and from China to the 1st of May. We have the following summary from the "Bombay Monthly Overland Times":

The Maharastra city and district of Boorhampoor has been quietly taken possession of, no obstruction having been offered. It is said to have been restored to the Maharastra, Gwalior continues tolerably quiet. The recent outbreak in the Punjab appears to have terminated for the present with the defeat and slaughter of Itur Singh. The entrenchments at Ferozepore have been heavily armed, but no other movement of any moment had been heard of since our last. The Bengal troops continue sulky and discontented in Upper Scinde. Gang robbery has been for some time past prevalent in the Northern Concan and in some parts of the Deccan. The practice of a system of opium adulteration in Bombay, so extensive as to threaten infinite injury to the trade, has just been disclosed. Cholera has prevailed amongst some of the Madras troops to an extent almost unprecedented. A severe storm was experienced at Calcutta on the 18th of May, while another of lesser violence visited Madras on the 4th of June. The monsoon set in at Bombay on the 4th of June, when two inches of rain fell. No subsequent fall of any magnitude has occurred, and great inconvenience for want of water has been felt in consequence.

At Canton, there had been some rioting; but the British and the Chinese authorities seem to harmonize; and the emperor is said to be so much pleased with the "barbarians," who made him feel his impotency and his little, that he is disposed to concede to them some fresh commercial privileges. So say the accounts. Commercially speaking, the news from India is favorable; from China, it is otherwise. The cotton market at the various "celestial" emporiums was dull and profitless. The recall of Ellenborough had excited no less surprise than satisfaction. He was not expected to leave before the arrival of Sir Henry Hardinge.

Murder of the Hon. Erskine Murray and Party.—We are sorry to learn from the Hong Kong Gazette of the 23d of April, that commander the Hon. Erskine Murray, who had proceeded with a couple of vessels to Borneo to form a settlement there, and to establish friendly relations, was betrayed and treacherously murdered, with several of his party, by the sultan of Coti.

By the Mails.

TWO DESTRUCTIVE FIRES.—Yesterday morning, between one and two o'clock, a fire broke out in a carpenter's shop on Brighton street, which almost instantly communicated to the large lumber yard of Messrs. Bosworth and Pratt, burning the carpenter's shop to the ground, and the counting house of Messrs. Bosworth and Pratt, together with considerable of their lumber. It then crossed the street, and fired a range of small wooden buildings, of but little value, which were so badly damaged as to require to be pulled down.

At about four o'clock, another fire broke out in the carpenter's shop of Mr. Jipson, on the north side of South-Margin street. It soon spread to the carpenter's shop of Mr. Ridler, and to another, the name of the owner and occupant of which, we did not learn. The fire then crossed to the south side of the same street, burning to the ground, a number of brick houses and outbuildings.—*Boston Cour. of Monday.*

Extensive Fire at Gardiner, Me.—By an extra of the Cold Water Fountain, published at Gardiner, Me., we learn that a large and destructive fire has occurred in that village, the entire range of mills on the lower dam, with a large amount of lumber, being destroyed. Several dwelling houses were also burnt to the ground.

Among the greatest losers are R. H. Gardiner, Esq., Messrs. Dean, Bowman, and Swan; Shaw & Sheldon; Cook & Bodfish; Wing & Bates.

The fire broke out in the mill occupied by Messrs. Dean, Bowman & Swan. It was discovered about two o'clock, A. M. The origin of the fire is unknown. It is possible that some of the machinery was left running after all had left the mill, and that the fire was caused by friction. The water is so low that the mills had generally stopped for a while, waiting for the ponds to be re-supplied.

The amount of property destroyed is variously estimated at from \$40,000 to \$60,000. The stock of lumber was unusually large.

MELANCHOLY DEATH.—We understand that a young man from Philadelphia named Thompson while passing under the sheet of water at the Falls, on Friday, slipped from the rock on which he was standing and was drowned.

Buffalo Com.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—As the Norwich train was approaching Westboro', on Saturday morning, about 6 o'clock, a man was discovered walking upon the track. Every effort possible was made to alarm him, and stop the train, but without avail, the whole train passed over him, killing him instantly. It is presumed that he must have been deaf, as he had sufficient warning to have escaped.

From South America.—The brig Brandywine, Captain Smack, from Rio de Janeiro, June 29th, arrived at this port yesterday. By this arrival we are placed in possession of dates from Montevideo to the 15th of June, being a few days later than former advices. In political affairs nothing new had transpired; turbulence and anarchy reigned supreme, without any hope of an immediate dissipation.—*Business was completely suspended, owing to a project of a law which was in force, imposing a tax on all articles of consumption sold in that place.*—*Phil. North American.*

Bold Robbery.—The house of Governor Fenner was entered Saturday night, and a considerable quantity of plate stolen. The burglars did not alarm the family, and went off leaving the door open and a light burning. It is supposed that they secreted themselves in the house before the doors were locked at night.—*Providence Journal.*

Suicide.—George D. Forbes, aged about 34, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a penknife, on Sunday morning, between 7 and 8 o'clock, in Court Square, near the City Hall. He was formerly of Springfield, but has recently been employed in this city as a clerk to G. W. Wilson, tailor, in Washington street. His movements on Saturday afternoon and evening, indicate some alienation of mind. He left his lodgings (at the Broomfield House) with the intention of taking the afternoon cars for Springfield, but returned at about 8 o'clock, saying he had been prevented from going by losing his trunk, and at that time and afterwards in the evening, his agitated and excited manner attracted attention. He left the house at the first alarm of fire, as if to go to the fire, but did not return. We understand he was seen by one of his friends at about midnight, and then said he was going home. Yesterday morning he was at Tat's Eating house, in Congress street, and after calling for a carriage he left, saying he should return in a few moments, and very soon after put an end to his life as above stated. He was of gentlemanly appearance and respectable connections. It is said that he was formerly intemperate in his habits, but had recently very much reformed them.—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

An attempt was made to rob the Bank of Middleburg, (Vt.) on Saturday the 10th inst. The Free Press states that Mr. Warner, the Cashier, was awakened in the midst of a thunderstorm by an attempt to raise the north back window. He arose, proceeded to the spot, but the burglar not succeeding very well at this window proceeded to the other, and commenced operations. Just at this moment, Mr. W. in endeavoring to reach this window in the dark upset a table with its contents, the noise of which frightened the assailant, and caused him to retreat precipitately. Mr. Warner perceived the scoundrel by the flash of lightning, but could not distinguish him. He had probably noticed Mr. Warner during the evening making up a bundle of \$8,000 to be sent off, which was not deposited in the vault. The next morning upon examination a piece of a file was found under the window upon which several marks of violence were apparent.

A REMARKABLE MAN.—A few days since, deceased in this metropolis, a humble but industrious native of Ireland, Patrick Faulkner. There was no self in this man. While living his views were expansive and he administered to the wants of many. To his two brothers in Ireland he recently sent each one thousand dollars, to his sisters five hundred dollars. To the sisters of charity in this city, he bequeathed three hundred dollars beside several other legacies in smaller sums, all of which was earned by following the occupation of jobbing with a one horse wagon.—*Boston Transcript.*

An Incendiary Punished.—Mitchell Hersey of West Bridgewater, at the sitting of the Common Pleas Court in Plymouth, last week, had one sentence of three days solitary confinement, and afterwards hard labor for a term of nine years in the State Prison, for arson in burning the office of William Baylies, Esq., in W. B., and one sentence of one day solitary and nine years hard labor in the State Prison, for arson in burning a barn in West Bridgewater.

The National Intelligencer announces the death of Jesse Bushyhead, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Cherokee. He died at the Cherokee Mission, in the Cherokee West, on the 17th of July. He was a person of great distinction among his tribe. He obtained in his youth a very limited English education, which he improved to enable him to be a good English speaker as well as an able orator in the Cherokee. He has occupied many public stations, which he discharged with fidelity and for the good of his people. His name will live as long as his tribe, while his exulting spirit has joined the righteous in Heaven.

Electro-Magnetic Telegraphs.

The improvements which are in contemplation, and which have already been perfected by Professor Morse, show that his newly invented Electro-Magnetic Telegraph, although apparently perfect at first, is yet in its infancy; and there is very little doubt that before long a detailed and minute communication can be made by it with the same rapidity that an ordinary letter can be written.

Some experiments have been made, which have been attended with great success, the results of which will be given to the public as soon as they are tested to be of undoubted utility.

We learn that a project is in contemplation to establish immediately a line of magnetic communication between Boston and New York, and that the funds necessary for this undertaking are nearly all subscribed.

It is not impossible that the line may be completed before winter sets in. The principal object in contemplation is to receive in New York the earliest news by the English steamships; and in order to effect this desirable object with the greatest possible despatch, an improved mode of Telegraphic communication, of great simplicity, is to be adopted on board the steamers, so that as soon as the steamer approaches Boston, signals, either by sight or the sound of cannon, will be made to the Telegraphic station on the coast, and the news immediately transmitted to New York. Thus, before the arrival of the vessel in Boston, the news brought by her will be known in New York.

A project has also been started to erect a line between New York and Philadelphia, but we learn that very little has yet been done to carry out the plan.

The accounts of the triumphant success of Morse's Electro-Magnetic Telegraph have excited much attention in Europe.

The New York Journal of Commerce says "that Professor M. has secured a patent for his Telegraph in France, but was most illiberally denied a Patent in England. In France he long since received the approval of the Academy of Sciences, and the French Government, and the great medal of honour from the Academie d'Industrie. How strangely does this illiberality of the French contrast with the narrow-mindedness of the English in regard to the same invention. Morse's Telegraph was invented five years before Wheatstone's, and the fact is well known in England; yet in no English notice that we have seen, is there the slightest recognition of this priority. Morse's is totally different from Wheatstone's and is proved to be in every essential particular superior; it is unchanged in these respects from the very first, while Wheatstone's, complicated and inefficient at the outset, is every day changing, to bring it nearer to Morse's but still is far behind. The last London Literary Gazette expresses its pique at the success of Morse's Telegraph, in the following terms: "Distance must certainly lend enchantment to the view, since this week our newspapers contain long accounts from the New York Sun of the working of the Electric Telegraph between Baltimore and Washington, just as if that between Paddington and Slough were too close to be known." They then proceed to describe the operation of Wheatstone's "just as if that between Paddington and Slough" were first invented, or were superior to Morse's. If the question of priority is mooted, there is abundant evidence to show that to this country belongs the first suggestion of the Electric Telegraph, and the first and best practical application of electricity to Telegraphic correspondence."—*Balt. American.*

BOUNDARY MONUMENTS.—Ninety-nine castings in iron were landed yesterday on board the Boston packet brig Acadia. They were consigned to Mr. Wier, to be forwarded to Canada, for the purpose of marking the long disputed Boundary line between Her Majesty's possessions and those of the United States, as concluded by the late treaty. Each casting is about six feet in length, of a square form similar to that of the Bunker Hill Monument, (published in the Morning Herald some months since) and having the following inscription on the four sides: 'Treaty of Washington, Boundary, August 9th, 1832, Lieut. Col. I. B. B. Eastcott, H. B. M. Commissioner.' 'Albert Smith, U. S. Commissioner.' The monuments have been reshipped on board the ship Mary Ann, for Quebec.—*Halifax Herald, 7th inst.*

THE LOUISIANA CONVENTION, for remodelling the Constitution of the State, met at Jackson on Monday the 5th inst., and was called to order by Mr. Saunders of East Feliciana. Bernard Marigny, Esq. was chosen President pro tem. That day and Tuesday were occupied in examining the credentials of members. On Wednesday, upon a fourth ballot, Mr. J. Walker was chosen President of the Convention by a majority of 4 over Mr. J. R. Grymes, who had 32 votes. The Convention adjourned to the next day, after choosing a Secretary and Sergeant-at-arms.

EXCITEMENT AMONG THE MORMONS.—"Joe Smith risen from the dead."—A Mormon has arrived in St. Louis, who reports that Joe Smith was risen from the dead, and has been seen at Carthage and in Nauvoo, mounted on a white horse and with a drawn sword in his hand.—He says that as Joe is thus restored to life, every thing will go on prosperously with the Mormons.

SINGULAR CASE OF INSANITY.—The selection of this town were recently called upon to visit Mr. Thomas Gammon, a fisherman of about 50 years of age, who has within a few weeks been suffering under insanity, and had become so wild as to require other care than that of his sister, a few years older, with whom he had lived in the most parsimonious manner for 20 or 30 years. It was found advisable for her comfort and safety to remove him at once to the almshouse. Inquiry was then made of his sister whether he had any money. Yes, was her reply, and that I fear has been the cause of his insanity. She led the inquirers to the cellar, which had probably not been entered by any but Mr. Gammon or his sister for many years—and a little digging exhibited a box, which on being emptied was found to contain twelve hundred silver dollars, which had become black as iron from the humidity to which they had been exposed. In another part of the cellar a pot was taken up, containing three hundred dollars of the same complexion. She stated that these were the savings of his industry for about 30 years—and that of late he had been much troubled because they had been much injured, as he thought, by becoming black; and this was probably the cause of his insanity. The money was deposited for safety and on interest in one of the banks—and the unfortunate man has been sent to the Lunatic Asylum at Concord.

Portsmouth Journal.

BUILDING.—No one can traverse the upper section of this city without being astonished at the number of houses going up. We do not believe that even in the palmy days of 1836, (abating the stores in the burnt district,) so many buildings were erected as have been and will be in 1844. In some localities almost entire squares are rising in masses. The houses are generally of the better class; in fact no others would be in keeping with the character of a large district which only so long ago as we first resided here, say 18 years, was appropriated to cow pastures, gardens, &c. and might have been bought for as many hundred dollars per acre, as it would now bring thousands. The omnibuses and the Rail Road have done wonders for "up town,"—bringing a vast surface within convenient reach of the centre of business, which was formerly deemed too far off to be thought of for city residences. Brooklyn, too, is growing as if by magic. Williamsburg and Jersey city shares in the general rage for improvement. All these places are in fact parts of New York, and added to the population of the city proper, swell it nearly or quite to 400,000.

N. Y. Jour. of Com.

DEATH OF COL. STONE.—Col. Wm. L. Stone, Editor of the New York Commercial Advertiser, died at the residence of his father-in-law, Rev. Mr. Wayland, at Saratoga Springs, on Thursday last at the age of 52. He had been Senior Editor of the Commercial since April, 1820.

The New York Express gives the following sketch of his professional life:

Col. Stone was born in Otsego County, in the State of New York, and served his apprenticeship in the office of the Farmers' Journal, at Cooperstown.—During the war and before he became of age, he contributed largely to the Editorial columns of that and other periodical papers. His habit of writing began early in life, and it is to this habit that we are indebted for his constant and useful labors. Soon after or during the war Col. Stone removed to Hudson, where he conducted with great efficiency a paper in that city. Immediately after the war, Theodore Dwight, the venerable editor of the Connecticut Mirror, one of the best papers in New England, removed to Albany and commenced the publication of the Albany Daily Advertiser. Col. Stone became his successor in conducting the Mirror, at Hartford, and continued the high reputation of that paper for three years. In 1817, Mr. Dwight relinquished the Albany Daily Advertiser and removed to this city, and with one of the editors of this paper, commenced the publication of the New York Daily Advertiser. Col. Stone was again Mr. Dwight's successor in the Albany Daily Advertiser, a paper which he continued to edit with great ability, during a very fierce and violent political contest, and at the period when such mighty men as De Witt Clinton, Ambrose Spencer, Elisha Williams, Judge W. W. Van Ness, D. D. Tompkins, and a host of similar minds, guided the political destinies of the State. It is no small compliment to Mr. Stone's talents and acquirements, that amid this galaxy of talent, he was relied on with others to sustain his political friends. Col. Stone continued at Albany until about the year 1820, when he, with his present proprietor, Francis Hall, purchased the Commercial Advertiser and Spectator of the late Zachariah Lewis, and since that time he has been the able and efficient editor of that paper. For more than twenty years he has filled the editorial chair of a Journal that was established by that extraordinary lexicographer, Noah Webster; and it is no slight credit to his talents, that this Journal, which has always stood high, has under his labors, increased in circulation and repute."

Bangor Whig.

THE REGATTA.—We understand that the sailing match between Col. Winchester's yacht "Northern Light," and the pilot boat Belle, came off yesterday forenoon, in the bay, below the light-house. On a third tack, the starboard foremast shroud of the Northern Light was carried away, which circumstance prevented any decision of the contest—though the Northern Light maintained, throughout, the advantage, and is, undoubtedly, a superior sailer. Many persons witnessed the match from the deck of a steamboat, that accompanied the vessels.

Boston Courier, Thursday Morning.

Cause of the detention of the steamer Massachusetts.—On Saturday evening, about half past 7, as the steamer Massachusetts was off the Huntington light, her main shaft and cylinder head broke.—William H. Foster, first engineer, at the risk of his life, rushed through the steam, and shut off the safety valve, which prompt precautionary measure prevented the bursting of the boiler. In effecting this important object he had his arm badly cut and somewhat scalded. Mr. McBeon, the second engineer, was also scalded, while assisting Mr. Foster. For a few minutes the greatest consternation prevailed among the passengers, many of whom thought of saving themselves from a horrid death by the scalding steam by jumping overboard, but were soon relieved of the fearful apprehensions by the assurances and entreaties of Capt. Comstock and the crew generally, who displayed great coolness and presence of mind on the startling occasion. The steamer, after order had been restored, completed her trip with one wheel.

Boston Atlas.

MACKEREL.—The mackerel fishermen have been very unsuccessful for the last two months, the catch which commenced well in the early part of the season, having suddenly declined. A schooner arrived at this place on Tuesday, from a six weeks cruise, with only six barrels of mackerel on board.—*Yarmouth Register.*

ODD FELLOWS.—Great preparations are making by the Odd Fellows of Boston and vicinity for attending the jubilee at Portland on the 23d. We learn that thirteen lodges of the city have voted to attend, as lodges, with full regalia, banners, and bands of music. There will be also several lodges from adjoining towns, Cambridge, Charlestown and other places. In addition, many members of those lodges who do not go in a body. We should not be surprised if the whole delegation numbered near two thousand. A part will go down in the afternoon train on the 22d, and the remainder leave at an early hour on the 23d. There will be great doings in Portland on that day.

Boston Bee.

A PRESENT TO HON. ROBERT H. MORRIS.—We derived a great deal of pleasure in the examination this morning, at Messrs. Mulford & Wendell's in State street, of two elegant silver pitchers, which are to be presented to Hon. R. H. Morris, "by the principal sufferers in the extensive robbery of Pomeroy's express messenger" last winter. The forms of the two pieces of plate are new and unique, and much of the ornamental part has been designed by the manufacturers, which certainly speaks highly for their good taste. The pitchers as specimens of workmanship, we are informed by judges, can compare favorably with articles of the same kind from any part of the country. The cost will be about three hundred dollars.—*N. Y. Express.*

Later from St. Domingo.—Captain Owen, of brig Wolcott, from Gonaves, St. Domingo, 1st inst., at New York, states that the Capt. of the French brig African, lying at Gonaves, had just returned from Port au Prince, where he had gone on account of the death of his brother commander of a French brig at that port; nearly all the crew of the same vessel had died. He also stated that it was very sickly ashore, and on board the vessels there, and that the captain and nearly all the crew of a French frigate lying at that place, had died of the fever. He also stated that Gen. Aczon had been found guilty, and was condemned to die, but had made his escape from prison to Nassau, N. P. Gonaves was healthy.

Burial of Mr. Muhlenberg.—The interment of the remains of the Hon. Henry A. Muhlenberg took place on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock. A very large concourse of citizens followed the corpse to the grave, and the stores and other public places throughout the town of Reading, were closed as a token of respect and affection for the memory of the deceased. The services for the dead were impressively given at the Lutheran Church. Among the multitude present on this melancholy occasion, the strongest feelings of regret and sorrow were manifest. Mr. Muhlenberg's many virtues secured to him the warmest attachment of all to whom he was personally known, and among his immediate neighbors particularly, who were in the habit of daily intercourse with him, this deprivation causes a general sensation of gloom.

Pennsylvania.

Blow up and Fire at Upper Stillwater.—On Saturday night last the Bowling Alley connected with the store of Mr. Hodgkins at Upper Stillwater Village, in Oldtown, was blown up with gun powder by some ill-judging and reckless persons, and in consequence, the store and its contents were consumed by fire, to the loss, as estimated by Mr. H. of two thousand dollars. Mr. H. has rendered himself quite unpopular by selling liquor, for which he has been repeatedly prosecuted and the actions are now pending in court.

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BRITISH SHIPPING.—We mentioned last week that the opening of the guano trade had greatly relieved British shipping and put an end for a time, to the ruinous competition for freights which had for sometime existed, but we had not at that time any idea of the number of vessels which have gone to the African coast in search of this new manure. We have since learned that it is not less than 600, at the lowest estimate and that some persons even estimate it as high as 800, a great number of them being very large ships. It is, therefore, no wonder that the taking up so many vessels at good freights, and the withdrawing them from the usual trade, has had a good effect on freights and on the demand for shipping every where.

Liverpool Times.

The centre of the population of the United States, according to the census of 1840, was near Clarksburg, Harrison co. Va. 174 miles west from Washington. In 1790, the centre of representation was 13 miles south of the southern boundary of Pennsylvania in Baltimore county, 51 miles from Washington. It has therefore, removed some 200 miles towards the West, within fifty years, and in a less period Cincinnati will probably be the centre of the population of the Union. Thus steadily does the star of Empire travel West.

A young man named William Doyle, was suddenly killed near Canandaigua, N. Y., on Saturday week by being thrown from his horse. The animal, while running rapidly, stumbled and Mr. Doyle was precipitated over its head, upon the ground, with much violence, causing a dreadful fracture in his skull.

Liberal Bequests.—We learn from the Salem Gazette that Amos Choate, Esq., who lately deceased in that city, bequeathed the sum of \$5000 in trust to the Mayor and alderman, to be invested, and the proceeds appropriated for the support of the insane poor of Salem, at the Worcester Hospital; \$1000 to the Society of the North Church, the interest to be appropriated for the benefit of the Sunday School, and \$1000 to the same Society, the interest to be appropriated in aid of the poor of the Society.—*Boston Atlas.*

Sufferers by the Flood.—Professor Shepherd, who has spent some time in the southern portion of this State and Illinois, was in the city yesterday, and represents the condition of many of the families in the Mississippi bottom, whose fortunes and goods were washed off by the flood, as sufferers extremely. He says that there are persons actually starving, and likely to perish for the common necessities of life. The people on the bluffs he represents as unable to relieve the distress.

We did not see Mr. S. but such is account he has rendered to some of our citizens. It may be well to state, in this connexion, that the City Committee have exhausted the funds which were placed in their hands for the relief of the distressed. Some attention should be bestowed upon these people.—*St. Louis Republican 10th inst.*

Mysterious Circumstance.—About two months since, a lady in a delicate situation, apparently about 25 or 30 years of age, genteelly dressed, and having the appearance of one who had enjoyed the smiles of the world, was brought to the house of Mr. Cory, residing about a mile west of the village of Athens, by a middle aged man having the appearance of a farmer. He desired Mr. Cory to take charge of her, assuring him that her expenses, whatever they might be, would be promptly paid, but requesting him and his family to ask her no questions, nor to pry at all into her history or circumstances. Mr. Cory received her into his family, and, a short time since, she was safely delivered of a fine, healthy infant. The mind of the lady was apparently ill at ease before and after her confinement, and soon after her child was born, she gradually sank and pined away until last week, when she died, apparently of a broken heart.

Her physician, (Dr. Wheeler, of Athens,) before her death timely informed her that she could not long survive and endeavored to induce her to reveal her secret, but without success. All that could be obtained from her was that her name was Heard, and that she had at one time resided in the city of New York. On examining her trunk there were found three dollars in money, and scrap of a manuscript journal from which it would seem that about a year since she had visited some relations in Ontario county. The man who brought her to Mr. Cory's visited her but once during her residence there. The infant remains with Mr. Cory.

We have felt it our duty to give publicity to those facts, in hopes that from them the friends of the unfortunate lady may learn her fate.

Hudson Republican.

The Keenue Cutter Tyler.—This fine iron steam vessel, says the Pittsburg Ag intended by the Government for the Gulf of Mexico, will be launched on the 1st of water in the Allegheny river, and be completed for service, complete rigged and fitted out for sea by the 6th of October, when she will depart for New Orleans and the Gulf of Mexico. Her dimensions are as follows: Length 11 feet; beam 23 feet; hold 12 feet. She will be furnished with Lieut. Hunt submerged propeller, which is 18 feet diameter, and carries one large 68 pound pivot gun, and is pierced for 18 guns.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.
Newport.
SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1844

State Elections.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The Raleigh Register states, that Graham's (Whig) majority for Governor, is 3229, with Hyde and Gates counties to hear from, which will increase it two or three hundred. The Whigs will have 97 members of the lower House of the Legislature, and the Democrats 73, being a Whig net gain of 27 members since last year. The Whigs have a majority of two in the Senate.

KENTUCKY.—The N. York Journal of Commerce gives returns from 86 counties, giving a majority for Owsley, the Whig candidate for Governor of 5,332—four counties to be heard from.

The Legislature will contain a large Whig majority.

INDIANA.—The election in this State for members of the Legislature, appears to have resulted in the choice of 25 Whigs and 25 Democrats to the Senate, the same as last year.—In the House of Representatives the Whigs have gained, 53 Whigs and 147 Democrats are elected, which will give a majority of six on joint ballot and ensure the election of a Whig Senator to Congress.

ALABAMA.—The election in this State has resulted in an increased Democratic majority in the Legislature.

ILLINOIS.—The election this year was for members of Congress and the State Legislature. The following gentlemen are elected to the next Congress: Robert Smith, Orlando B. Ficklin, John A. McClelland, John Wentworth, Stephen A. Douglass, John P. Hoge, Democrats, and Edward D. Baker, Whig.

The Democrats will have a large majority in the Legislature.

MISSOURI.—The Democratic party in Missouri have been divided this year into Hards and Softs or Benton and Anti-Benton. The Whigs profiting by this division have gained largely in the Legislature; they run no candidate of their own for Governor or Congress. The Bentons have probably succeeded in electing Edwards, Governor, four of their candidates for Congress, and a small majority in both branches of the Legislature.

The next State elections are as follows:—Vermont, September the 3rd; Maine, September the 9th; Seven States vote in October, namely—Maryland, October the 2d; Georgia and Arkansas, October 7th; New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio, October 8th, and South Carolina, October 14th. The Mississippi State election takes place on the 4th November, and Delaware on the 12th.

Trinity Church Organ.—The Organ presented to Trinity Church in 1733, by the celebrated George Berkeley, Bishop of Cloyne, has recently been re-built by Mr Henry Erben of New York; as much of the venerable original as possible has been preserved in the new one. The Organ has been put up under the direction of Mr Erben, and this afternoon has been assigned for making a trial of it. The public are invited to attend.

Withdrawal of President Tyler.—The Madisonian of Tuesday contains Mr Tyler's letter of withdrawal as a candidate for the Presidency. It is addressed to his friends throughout the Union.

LAND SALE.—We understand that a part of the estate of the late John H. Easton, comprising 20 acres (which includes the site of the dwelling house, &c.) has been sold for \$10,000, to a wealthy gentleman of Boston, who intends to erect thereon an elegant mansion for a summer residence. The present buildings are to be removed from the premises.

Gen. John J. Hardin, the only Whig in the present Congress from Illinois, is proposed as the Whig candidate for Governor of that State by a Whig Mass Meeting at Dixon.

The Mr. Wait, of Cincinnati, whose singular disappearance led to the belief that he had been murdered, has at last been heard from. It seems that he went to Milwaukee, and thence eloped with the wife of another man.

The house of Governor Fenner, in Providence, was robbed of a quantity of plate on Saturday night. Most of it has since been found in the bushes east of the house.

Preparations are in progress at Philadelphia to erect a monument to the memory of the late Commodore Isaac Hull.

Dr. ELLIOTT, known as the "Back-eye," whose lectures on the subject of Temperance, have excited so much interest in New York and further west, arrived in town on Wednesday morning, and in the evening delivered an address at the Town Hall. So general was the desire to hear him again that another meeting was appointed Thursday evening at the Clarke street Church. The house was filled to overflowing, at an early hour. Perhaps we can say nothing more complimentary to Dr. Elliott than assert that he has fully sustained the reputation which preceded him to this place. No matter where Dr. E. goes—no matter who has occupied the ground before him—he will attract large audiences and be heard with attention.

No one who hears Dr. Elliott will doubt the perfect originality of his character. He imitates nobody—is like himself alone—his manner is perfectly unique. His addresses are interspersed with numerous anecdotes, some of which convulse the audience with laughter, and call forth loud expressions of approbation, while others send a thrill of horror to every heart and paint truth on every countenance. To add to the attraction the Doctor has a voice as clear as the notes of a bugle and sings numerous temperance songs in his own inimitable style. He lectures again at the Clarke Street Church THIS EVENING, and leaves on Monday for Providence. Those who would secure seats must go early.

MR. GILES' LECTURES.—The Rev. Henry Giles from Ireland, is now in town for the purpose of delivering a course of Lectures. His first Lecture was delivered on Monday evening last. The subject "the Genius of Byron, or the misanthropic view of life," the second was on Thursday evening being "the character of Fallstaff, or the Epicurian aspect of life." The universal satisfaction with which these lectures were received by a large and intelligent audience, sufficiently establish the reputation of the lecturer as a genius of the highest order.

His next lecture will be on Monday evening.

FASHIONABLE DANCING.—Our readers are referred to a notice in another column of Mons. De Korponay, who has opened a School for teaching the fashionable Dances at Masonic Hall. Mr. K. has been highly spoken of at Saratoga and other places he has visited.

THE SUPREME COURT of this State, will commence its August term, in this town, on Monday next.

MORE MON LAW.—A man named Abraham Smith was taken from jail by force, and executed by a lawless gang at Fredericktown, Missouri, on the 5th inst. Smith had been convicted of murder, and was sentenced to be executed on the 1st day of June. The sentence had been stayed until the 1st September. An attempt was made to execute him by mob violence on the 1st of June, which was resisted by the assembled people.—On the day of the late election, a company of half intoxicated men succeeded in breaking open the jail with axes, crow bars, &c., and hung the prisoner. The following we copy from the St. Louis Republican:

One of the gang got down in the cell where Smith was in irons, and tied a rope round his neck. Those above hauled Smith up by the rope, dragged him down stairs, and about fifty yards from the jail, and notwithstanding he was apparently dead when they reached the tree, hung him up, where he remained some minutes. They then let him down, when one of the gang, suspecting life was not sufficiently extinct, persisted that they should again hang him up, which was done accordingly. Robt. M. Frier, coroner, issued process immediately for a jury, and on Monday night held an inquest on the body of Smith, when the jury returned a verdict that Smith came to his death by the hands of Jones, Sinclair, Mayse, Pollis, Cox, Blackburn, Shetty, and five others, the names of whom we have not learned.

On Thursday a state's warrant was issued for the arrest of the offenders, and on Wednesday the sheriff had succeeded in arresting Cox, Shetty, Blackburn, Pollis, and another man, who were undergoing an examination before the Justices. Sinclair and Mayse, two of the ringleaders, had not been found when this news left Fredericktown. On Saturday, we understand, Mayse was at St. Mary's Landing, waiting for the first opportunity afforded, to escape from justice, and no doubt has succeeded. The parties arrested were committed to take their trial for murder.

Arrest.—A Frenchman name Quennisset was arrested on Thursday night, for attempting to kill a woman. He made a desperate effort to escape from the officers who had him in charge.—Quennisset is the would-be regicide who, it will be recollected, attempted to assassinate Louis Philippe, King of the French, some three or four years ago, for which he was banished from the soil of France. He is a dangerous man to be let loose on society.—N. O. Pic. Aug. 10.

Fatal Quarrel.—A fatal affray occurred at Jackson, La. on the 4th inst., between Messrs W. E. Walker and E. B. Scott, in which the former was killed. Mr Walker had threatened to cowhide Mr Scott the first time he met him, and when the latter saw his opponent advancing, he at once ran him through the heart with a sword cane. Scott gave himself up to the authorities.

Executions.—The Yorkville (S. C.) Miscellany says—"Three of the four Negroes, condemned for the murder of Mr De Graffenreid, were executed at Chesterville on Friday, the 23th ult. Charles was pardoned by his Excellency the Governor, in accordance with the recommendation of the Court, and the urgent wishes of the community."

Return of Lieut. Fremont.

The party led out upon a surveying excursion to the Rocky Mountains, by Lieut. Fremont, has returned in the steamer Iatan, to St. Louis, after an absence of nearly fifteen months. They left the city on the 13th of May, 1843, and before the month had ended they were already beyond the western boundary of Missouri. The Missouri newspaper gives the following short account of their journeyings:

"Leaving the frontier in the beginning of June, and travelling along the line of the Kansas River, the party reached the Rocky Mountains early in July, and occupied the month in exploring the heads of the Arkansas. At the close of the month they crossed the mountains, and continued their way to the westward, had reached the Great Salt Lake in the beginning of September. No human being had ever before visited the Island of this celebrated Lake—and a few weeks were spent in exploring its unknown waters, and in surveying the adjacent country. The latter part of this month found them at Fort Hall, where the winter set in early with a severe storm, on the 19th.

"Pursuing their way on the Oregon road, they reached the Falls of the Columbia early in the month of November. Leaving his party here to Fort Vancouver, proceeded by water to Fort Vancouver, at which place he arrived at the commencement of the rainy season. On the 25th of November, in a snow storm, they left the 'Falls' on their homeward route, intending to return by way of the Klamet and Mary's Lake. No interruption in the form of difficulties occurred to impede their march until they had passed the Klamet Lake, in the middle of December, when their course to the southward and eastward was barred by parallel ranges of snow and volcanic mountains, in the valleys of which they were forced constantly to the southward, making little or no easting.

"They travelled in this way along the eastern base of the great California mountains, whose peaks rise seventeen thousand feet above the sea, encountering many bands of Indians of a very wild character, and some of whom had never before seen a white man. Towards the end of January their animals' feet had become so much worn by the ice and rocks, that they were scarcely able to travel; and provisions had begun to fail, as the country had been found destitute of game—the Indians subsisting on fish, or roots and seeds. They were now between the 38 deg. and 39 deg. parallel immediately under the snowy range of California. Mr. Fremont determined to attempt to cross this, and to force a way to the settlement on the Bay of San Francisco. The mountain is here one hundred and fifty miles broad, and on its upper regions the snow was from five to twenty feet deep. They were occupied nearly a month in crossing it, but finally succeeded, and early in March exchanged the snow of mid-winter for the verdure of perpetual spring, in the valley of the river Sacramento.

The party were cordially received and hospitably entertained, at his residence, near the Bay, of San Francisco, by John A. Sutter, Esq. Prefect of the frontier of California. Here they remained some time to recruit; and at the end of March resumed their homeward journey. They proceeded several degrees to the Southward to re-cross the mountains, and, passing over the California deserts by the Spanish Trace, reached Bent's Fort, by way of the head waters of the Arkansas, on the first day of July, and the frontier of Missouri on the last of the same month.

Mr James Hardin, a planter of Marengo county, Ala., was killed a short time since by his overseer, Alexander Deas. The sad occurrence took place in a field, and none but a black girl or boy was a witness of it. Deas killed his victim with a yager, charged with three balls, the shot taking effect in of the arms, which was nearly severed, and passing into the heart. The murderer fled, and was pursued about five miles, when he was caught and lodged in jail at Linden. Deas states that he committed the deed in self-defence.

Corrupt Postmaster.—A Postmaster in Lapeer county, Michigan, has been arrested and held to bail in \$2,000 for purchasing certificates of deposit from the mail under his charge. We learn from the Detroit Advertiser, that losses have frequently occurred in the last 18 months and yet the guilty party escaped detection, though several special agents have visited the route in pursuit of the offender.

Fatal Quarrel.—A fatal affray occurred at Jackson, La. on the 4th inst., between Messrs W. E. Walker and E. B. Scott, in which the former was killed. Mr Walker had threatened to cowhide Mr Scott the first time he met him, and when the latter saw his opponent advancing, he at once ran him through the heart with a sword cane. Scott gave himself up to the authorities.

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MANUFACTURING MACHINERY.—The improvements in manufacturing machinery within a few years past, have been astonishingly great. The depression of the manufacturing business, which was felt with much severity both in England and this country for four or five years in succession, up to the time of the opening of the China market, led the manufacturers, driven to the extent of their ingenuity, by thread bare profits, to introduce more improvements in machinery in five years than had taken place for twenty-five years before that period. It is stated by competent judges who have visited the mills on both sides of the Atlantic, that two years ago, the cotton machinery in the United States was much in advance of that of England, but that during the last year the machinery used for plain cottons in England, has been in advance of that of the United States, the English having during this time adopted all our improvements with others of their own.

An English publication states that eight or nine years since, the maximum capability of the spinning mule did not exceed the power of turning above 640 spindles, and that there are self-acting mules now in use which will turn up wards of 2000 spindles; and adds that a mill of the present day, with improved machinery, is capable of turning off a given quantity of work at about one third less expense than it could have been accomplished seven years since, in other words, a factory which in 1836 required an outlay of about £600 per week for wages, can now throw off the same quantity of work for £400 per week. *Newburyport Herald.*

Rev. Mr. FAIRCHILD.—Although the Grand Jury some time since found an indictment against Rev. Mr. Fairchild for adultery, yet he has not yet been brought here for trial, owing to the hesitation of Governor Briggs in granting a requisition upon the Governor of New Hampshire. The Governor, we understand, has his doubts whether Mr. F. can be considered a "fugitive from justice," within the intent of the law. *Ibid.*

AN UGLY CUSTOMER.—One night last week some fishermen of Milford, while fishing for sturgeon on what is called Sturgeon Bay, on drawing it to shore found a monstrous large fish in their net, and handled it very familiarly, supposing it to be an extraordinarily large sturgeon, but on further acquaintance it was found to be a monstrous shark. Being in a position, however, so as not to do much damage, he was soon despatched and drawn upon the shore. On measuring him he was found to be ten feet ten inches in length, and five feet seven inches in circumference, with a supply of provisions in his larder sufficient for several days.—*New Haven Herald.*

NAVAL.—The barque Hebe, Géen, at Baltimore, in the remarkably short passage of 30 days from Rio de Janeiro, reports there on the 15th July U. S. frigate Raritan, Commodore Turner; frigate Congress, Vorhees, arrived on the 11th July from Montevideo; sloop of war Erie, Commander Dukes, arrived on the 14th July, in 30 days from Valparaiso, and would sail in 5 days from New York; brig Pioneer, Lieut. Com. Shaw, from Norfolk.—*Balt. Am.*

The U. S. brig Somers, Lieut. Gerry, had arrived at Nassau from Havana, and sailed from thence on the 6th inst. on a cruise in the Turks Island passage.—On her arrival at Nassau, she exchanged salutes with the fort.—*Savannah Republican.*

The U. States ship St. Louis passed through the Straits of Sunda about 23d April.

Miss Cecilia Brooks, aged 20 years, and daughter of Mr. Amasa Brooks of Prospect, Conn., lost her life on the 8th inst., by jumping from a wagon, near her father's residence. She broke one of her legs, and received severe internal injuries which were the ultimate cause of death.

AN INCIDENT.—Yesterday morning, as the Revenue boat, Capt. James Hand, was performing her usual cruise in the Delaware, when off Walnut street, a large sturgeon sprang up alongside, and in its descent alighted in the boat, breaking several staunchions, and starting two or three of the side planks. Fortunately no person in the boat was injured.

Middletown and Providence Railroad. A circular of the committee appointed by a meeting at Middletown in relation to this proposed road, states the distance from New Haven to Boston by that route at 148 miles, and by the way of Springfield and Worcester at 167 miles. The length of the new Road required is 69 miles.

Secretary's Office, Aug. 17, 1844. The members of the General Assembly in January last, are notified that the copies of the new Digest to which they are entitled, are ready for delivery at the Secretary's Office. **HENRY BOWEN.**

Weekly Almanac.

1844.	Sun	Sun	Sun	High
AUGUST.	riser	sets.	riser.	Wat.
24 Saturday,	5 20	6 41	24	4 38
25 Sunday,	5 21	6 39	24	5 42
26 Monday,	5 22	6 38	23	4 35
27 Tuesday,	5 23	6 37	23	5 32
28 Wednesday,	5 24	6 36	38	5 38
29 Thursday,	5 26	6 34	7	5 34
30 Friday,	5 27	6 33	7	5 39

Full Moon 27th d 7h, 34m afternoon.

Brighton Market, Monday, Aug. 19th.

Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser
At Market, 740 Beef Cattle, 2500 Sheep and 1550 Swine, 50 Beef Cattle and several hundred Swine unsold.
Prices—Beef Cattle.—A few cattle were sold on Saturday at about former prices—today such prices were not sustained. Extra 4 75; first quality 4 50; second quality 4 25; third quality 3 25 a \$4.
Sheep.—Lambs from 1 25 to \$2; old Sheep from 1 75 to 2 50.
Swine.—"Columbia Shoats" in lots to peddle, more than half Barrows, 4 1-2c; Pennsylvania and Ohio Hogs from 3 1-2 to 4c. At retail from 4 to 5 1-2c.

From the Boston Courier, Monday August 19th
PRICES OF WOOL.—Prime Saxony Fleeces washed 50 a 55 cents per pound; American full blood do, 43 a 47; do 3-4 do 40 a 42; do 1-2 do 37 a 40; do 1-4 and common do 32 a 35 Superfine Northern pulled lambs 42 a 45; No 1 do do do 37 a 40; No 2 do do do 25 a 33; No 3 do do do 18 a 20.

The greatest benefits are often those which are the most silent in their operations. This is it emphatically with the medicated preparations of Dr. Peters. They are agreeable to the taste, create none of the alarming symptoms usually caused by other medicines, and yet are among the most efficient that are used. It is only necessary to refer to the cures effected by his Pills in cases of bilious and other fevers, headaches, costiveness, jaundice, dyspepsia, liver complaints, sea sickness, dropsy, &c. to fully sustain this remark.
For Sale at No. 142 Thames Street by CHARLES N. TILLEY, Agent, Newport R. I.

NOTICE.

Rev. Mr. Giles, will preach in the Unitarian Church, in Mill street, to-morrow.
The Jeremiah, of the late WASHINGTON ALLSTON, may be seen for a few days at the Armory Hall, Clark street. The exhibition will open on Monday next.
Newport, Aug. 24.

MARRIED.

In this town, on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Hatfield, Mr. Stafford Brier to Miss Susan F. Gladding, both of this town.

DIED.

In this town on Saturday last, after a short illness, Robert M. Simmons, Jr., second son of Mr. Robert M. Simmons, aged 20 years.
Same day, George T., youngest son of Mr. Thomas P. White, in the 18th year of his age.
Same day, Catherine Slocum, daughter of Mr. Henry Bull, aged 5 months and 23 days.
In this town on Monday last, of consumption, Mr. William C., eldest son of the late Col. Thomas G. Brown, in the 24th year of his age. He was a very respectable and amiable young man, and his loss will be sincerely regretted by all who knew him.
On Friday the 16th inst, Archibald, 8th son of Wm. H. Douglas, Esq. aged 6 months and 10 days.
In this town, at the Marine Hospital on Wednesday last, Hamilton Clough, of Hooksett, N. H., aged about 21 years.
In Providence, 15th inst, Miss Mary T. Sweeney, in the 54th year of her age.—On the 16th, Mr. Enos Goss, aged 43 years.—On the 18th, Mr. Charles Williams, a native of Cranston, but for the last 14 years a resident of New York; 21st inst, Richard H. Astle, aged 21 & 20th, Mrs Rebecca Fanning, aged 59.
In Warren, on Tuesday evening last, Mrs Maria Antoinette Gammell, in the 52 year of her age, widow of the late Rev William Gammell, of this town.
In Charlestown, R. I. 10th inst, Mr Joseph K. Babcock, aged 16 years, son of the late Elisha Babcock.
In Charleston, 10th inst, Acting Lieut H. F. Porter, of the U. S. schooner Flirt, from Galveston, Texas, via Key West, just after she anchored at quarantine. He was a son of the late Commodore Porter, and his disease was yellow fever.
In Galveston, Texas, 13th ult, Gen W S Murphy, late Charge d'Affaires to Texas, of yellow fever.
At Savannah, Geo. 27th ult, Mr William Nutting, formerly of Salem, Ms., aged 38.
At East Hartford, Conn., on the 6th inst, Dr. Timothy Hall, aged 37 years. His death was occasioned by being thrown from a wagon. Dr. H. was surgeon in the Revolutionary army, and was an eye witness to the execution of Major Andre.

Marine List.

Port of Newport.

ARRIVED.

SUNDAY, August 16
Sch'r Isabella, Clark, 10 days from Savannah, for Boston—put in on account of sickness among her crew; Margaret, Bourdan, fm Dighton, for Bangor; Adelaide, Staples, fm Fall River for Norfolk.
Sloop Annawan, Heath, fm New York for Providence; Encore, Brush, fm Kingston. Sailed—brig Prince de Joinville, Havana.

MONDAY, August 19.

Brig Commerce, (of Providence), fm Pictou 5th inst., with coal, for orders. Left brig Gibraltar, Yates, from Bilbao for Boston; and Acturus, Leighton, fm Boston id'g for Somerset. Spoke August 4th in the Gut of Causo, brig Hellespont, Dunbar, 8 days from Boston for Pictou; 8th, off Sand Point, sch'r Cura, Read, (of Newport), 62 hours from do for do; 14th, lat 41 50, lon 64 10, passed brig Gazelle, of Portland, steering Eastward.
Sch'r Caledonia, Spellman, fm Providence for Albany.
Sch'r Mary, Bray, fm Providence for Baltimore; Adams, Crowell, fm do for Philadelphia.
Sloops Helen, Pitman, fm Bristol for New Bedford; Jane, Hall, fm Pawatuck for Providence.

TUESDAY, August 20.

Propeller Eudora, Brown, fm Fall River for New York.
Sch'r Massasoit, Brown, fm do.
Sloop Majesty, fm Fall River for South Kingston; Mary Nichols, Spencer, fm East Greenwich for Nantucket; Vigilant, Heath, fm New York for Providence.
Sch'r Imperial, Read, fm Philadelphia for New Bedford; Leontine, Jones, fm Richmond for Fall River; Dove, Curtis, fm Providence for Bath; Economy, Feeze, fm Bristol for Bangor; Alert, Combs, fm Fall River for do; Vischer, Mason, fm do for Gardner; Edward, Burk, fm do for Bangor; New Polly, White, fm do for Gardner.
Sloops Miami, Tucker, fm Philadelphia for Boston; Prudent, Nicholson, fm Albany for Nantucket; Rouse, Titus, fm Huntington for New Bedford.
Cleared—Sloop Yankees, Hatch, N. York. **WEDNESDAY, August 21.**
Sch'r Ann A. Parker, Brighton, fm Fall River for Tisbury; Milo, Nicholson, fm do for Portland; Alpine, Frouth, fm Pictou for Fall River.
Sloops Hudson, Craper, fm New Bedford for Providence; Renzi, Durfee, fm New York for Providence. **THURSDAY, August 22.**
Brig Acturus, Lawton, fm Pictou N. S. for Somerset, with Coal, put in to land a sick man.
Brig Juan J. D. Carthigena, Teller, fm New York for Machias.
Sch'r Lodena & Eliza, Summers, fm Philadelphia for Providence, (Captain sick).
Sch'r's Chappell, Sawyer, fm Fall River for Philadelphia; John W. Smith, Jarvis, fm Philadelphia for New Bedford; Pierce, Thomas, Norwich for Bangor; Mechanic, Sawyer, fm New York for Eastport; Justice, Sleeper, fm Fall River for Philadelphia; Abraham Brown, Davis, fm Philadelphia for New Bedford; Betsey & Polly, Baker, fm Fall River for Gardner.
Sloops Senator, Robinson, fm Stonington for Nantucket; China, Brooks, fm New York for Boston; Hero, Wing, fm New York. Passed up 1 p. m., a full rigged brig. **FRIDAY, August 23.**
Brig Mayflower, Cotlin, fm Pictou for Somerset.
Sch'r's Tarquin, Pain, fm Richmond for Boston.
Sch'r Salem, Lane, 21 days fm Gonives, St. Domingo, left the Captain (George W. Prime), at Crooked Island Passage, very sick.—Put in short of provisions, and for a harbor.
Sch'r's Baltic, Perry, fm Philadelphia for Salem; Bride, Pressy, fm Thomaston for New York; Sarah & Maria, Prinson, fm New York for Salem; Mary Elizabeth, Burt, fm New York for Eastport.
Cleared—Brig Echo, Smith, Havana.

Marine Memoranda.
Ship Wm Engle, Coe, arr at Cowes 26th ult, from Havana.
Ship Eben Preble, Perkins, for Trieste, was towed down from New Orleans about the 6th inst.
Dark Huma, Willard, from New York, arr in the Loire, 13th ult.
Brig Malaga, Mosson, arr at quarantine Charleston, on the 12th, 6 days from Matanzas, captain sick.
Brig Henry, Sanford, fm Providence, arr at Philadelphia, 15th.
Sch'r Melvina, Dodge, hence, arr at do 16th.
Sch'r Erin, Gardner, hence, arr at Norkolk 19th.
Arr at Richmond 18th, sch'r Carolina, Franklin, hence.
Arr at New York, 21st, Ship Louis Philippe, Castoff, Havre 13th ult, and off Lands end 20th.

Fashionable Dancing.

Mons. Gabriel De Korponay.

HAS the honor of informing the Ladies and Gentlemen of Newport and its vicinity, that he has arrived for the purpose of giving instruction in the principal fashionable dances prevailing in the highest circles of European Society. Among others, Mons. K. proposes to teach that well known dance
LA POLEA;
THE NEW QUADRILLES,
WITH ORIGINAL MUSIC;
The Valse De Deux Pas;
THE NEW COTILLIONS;
THE MAZOURKA,
And Others.
The instruction will be given in the French, German and English Languages. A room is engaged at the Masonic Hall, strictly private, cool and dry—for the accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen.
For further particulars, enquire of Mons. Korponay, at the Narragansett House, at all hours.
Public Lessons given from 9 to 11 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.—6 lessons \$5. The intermediate hours for private lessons, 6 lessons \$3.
Newport, Aug. 24.

Plumbe Daguerrian Gallery.

OF PATENT PREMIUM Colored Photographs.

THE Proprietor has removed to rooms over Finch & Eng's Hardware store, (sign of the Eagle) where he will continue to take MINIATURES as heretofore for a few weeks longer.
Newport, Aug. 24.

NOTICE.

ALL those who have Baskets belonging to the subscriber, and particularly those who have had them from six months to one year, are requested to return them, or call at the "General's Office and settle their fare."
T. STACY, Jr.
Aug. 24.

A GOOD BOY.

Wanted. Enquire at this Office.
August 24.

REGULAR MAIL LINE FOR NEW YORK

In consequence of an accident to the Massachusetts, the arrangement of the steamboats from Newport (until further notice), will be as follows:—The Rhode Island, Capt. Constable, will leave Newport on Thursday at 2 o'clock, p. m.; The Narragansett, Capt. Woolsey, will leave Newport on Monday and Wednesday, at 2 p. m. [Aug. 24, 1844.]

For Tickets, Berths or State rooms, apply to the Captain on board.

Superior Seidlitz Powders

AND Seidlitz Water, in bottles, just received and for sale at the Confectionary of T. STACY, Jr.

POETRY.

The following beautiful lines we take from the St. Louis Reveille. They fall upon the heart, like melancholy music—or like the mellowed rays of the departing sun—sadly and tenderly:

"She never told her love,
But let concealment, like a worm i' the bud,
Feed on her damask cheek; she pined in thought;

And with a green and yellow melancholy,
She sat like patience on a monument,
Smiling at grief. Was not this love, indeed?"

FANNY.

Fanny was seventeen,
All full of beauty as a blooming rose,
Winning, bowing, reigning o'er the beau,
A Fairy Queen.

But all unconsciously
She scattered smiles, like kindling darts, around
her,
And all, alike, the same sweet being found
her,
Simple and free.

Love lives in all things bright;
And Fanny loved already, but she ne'er
Had whispered of her passion, save in prayer
To the still night.

A strange and silent boy
Gazed distant on Fanny, and there came
Into her heart a fond and holy flame,
Breathing of joy.

But he was sad in youth,
Nor ever gave he token to the maid
Of passion, in like holiness repaid.
With heart and truth.

Time rolled, and Fanny grew
To share the sadness of the dreaming boy,
And joy in her sad dreaming—the alloy
Was pleasure too.

While still around her hung
A throng of glittering rivals, none were chosen;
And that one burning heart still held a frozen
And a silent tongue.

Like the volcanic fire
That smolders 'neath a pyramid of snow,
So in imprisoned torment seemed to glow
The youth's desire.

Time rolled—and came a day
When Fanny for the first time wept, alone,
For he on whom her wealth of love was
thrown,
Had roamed away.

O, he was poor and proud,
And could not, would not mingle with the
crow
That daily to the feet of Fanny flew,
With tongues so loud.

Fanny had ever been
Of tender moulding, and within her eyes
Light flashed and faded, as the sunbeam dies,
Gorgeous at even.

Now grow upon her cheek
A most strange coldness and a stranger bloom,
That deepened still, while smaller spot of
room
It seemed to seek.

Time rolled—and one by one
Fanny's rejected lovers drooped away,
And she was lonely, and no longer gay,
For he was gone!

Slowly the years rolled by,
And Fanny, like some silent floral thing,
Fading too early in its native spring,
Bent down to die.

Still dreamingly she loved,
And muttered, voiceless, to each passing bird,
Asking what news was of the wanderer heard,
Or where he roved!

But the youth came no more;
And Fanny's history was early told;
Still rapidly she faded on—time rolled—
And Fanny died!

When first her cheek was pale,
Some wondered, and some pitied, but none
knew,
As cold consumption struck her bosom through
Of this sad tale.

Time's scythe was still on wave,
Years after, when an old man bent and wept,
And sighed away his life, and soundly slept
On Fanny's grave! PHAZMA.

A Chronological Account of all material Occurrences from the first settlement of RHODE ISLAND.

1766.

At the Annual Election on the first
Wednesday of May, the following persons
were elected officers.

Samuel Ward, Governor.
Elisha Brown, Deputy Governor.

Assistants.

Nicholas Easton, Nathaniel Searl,
Gideon Wanton, Stephen Rawson,
Thomas Olney, John Brenton,
Hezekiah Babcock, George Nichols,
John Jepson, Othniel Gorton,
Henry Ward, Secretary.

Oliver Arnold, Attorney General.

Joseph Clarke, Treasurer.

The Assembly ordered a tax of £6000;
the proportion for Newport was £1196,
and Providence £317.

The Stamp Act having been repealed
on the 23d of February, great rejoicing
took place throughout the Colony on the
news being received. In Newport the
bells were rung, cannon fired, burn fires
made and the shipping displayed their
colors. An accident took place during
the celebration by which a lad named
Caleb Hargill was so much injured by
a ward from one of the cannon, as to
require his leg to be amputated.

This year a piece of land in Newport,
was deeded to certain persons in trust,
by William Read, Esq. for the purpose of
planting a tree of liberty.

On the 17th of June, the elegant Man-
sion of Col. Godfrey Malbone at his
country seat, near Tammany Hill acci-
dentally took fire and was entirely con-
sumed.—[This is said to have been the
most elegant and expensive seat in New
England at the time. It was never re-
built, and its ruins even at this late day,
will give some idea of its former splen-
dor.]

Job Sweet, of North Kingston, the cele-
brated Natural bone setter (as appears by
a notice) this year commenced publicly
to practice in his line.

Rev. Lewis Rusemeyer, this year came
from Bethlehem (Penn.) and took charge
of the Society of Moravians or United
Brethren in Newport.

Agricultural.



CLEAN CULTURE.—It is a fact that
ground which is kept from vegetation
of any kind will not dry up so much
as that on which a crop is grown.—
There are many who doubt this, but
if they would make a proper examina-
tion, their doubts will be removed.—
Make an experiment—take a piece of
ground in the garden, and hoe it over
every day, or often enough to keep all
kinds of vegetation from starting.—
Sow another piece adjoining, with
grass, or some kind of grain.—After
a drought of two or three weeks, exam-
ine both pieces by digging into them
with a spade or shovel. The earth of
the grass or grain plot, will be found
dry like ashes, to the depth perhaps of
a foot or more. The other plot will
be dried in only two or three inches—
below that it will be quite moist.—
Examine the ground in an orchard in
a dry time, and if it is not naturally a
wet piece of ground, it will be found
dry to a great depth. If there is a
tree in your corn-field, see if the ground
is not much dryer near it than on simi-
lar ground away from the reach of the
roots. The fact is, the roots of vege-
tation bring up the moisture from a
greater depth below the surface, than
it could be done by simple evapora-
tion. This may be known by noticing
how much more moisture is required
to support a crop of corn when the
stalks are nearly full grown, than in
its earliest stages.

Now, from all this we deduce an
argument in favor of CLEAN CULTURE.
—that is, a culture which permits no
useless vegetation to grow among cul-
tivated crops; the advantage of which
would benefit of the moisture and other
nutriment of the soil, instead of giving
a portion to the worthless weeds.

In dry time, we frequently hear
farmers say—"It will not do to work
my corn or potatoes, they need all the
grass and weeds to keep the ground
from drying up." Now, this, as we
have shown, is all a mistake—the grass
and weeds make the ground dry faster
and deeper. But it is alleged that
corn has been injured by plowing or
working it when the weather was very
dry. We admit that this effect may
have followed under particular circum-
stances. That is to say, if corn gets
too large before it is worked, injury
may be done. The reason is, that
the roots have become extended, and
the plow cuts off so large a portion of
them, that the remainder cannot supply
the stalk, and it soon withers. This
is the way the "fired" corn, sometimes
spoken of at the south and west, is
generally produced. But it is only
when the roots of corn have become
widely extended, and are torn and mu-
tilated in the operation of working it,
that any such consequence follows.—
If the crop is worked, as it ought to be
while it is small, no fears of injury
need be entertained.

Albany Cultivator.

Revenue in New York.—The Receipts
at the custom house for week ending
Aug. 10, amount to the sum of nine hun-
dred and seventy five thousand dollars;
exceeding, by one hundred and fifty
thousand dollars those of any previous
week.

SOMNAMBULISM.—A person by the name
of William McHugh, about 35 years of
age, got up in his sleep, about 4 o'clock
Tuesday morning, and walked out of the
garret window of his residence, in Pas-
sayunk township, near Philadelphia.—
The sleep-walker received, fortunately,
but little personal injury externally, and
had no bones broken, but the pain he ex-
perienced was so great that it was deemed
advisable he should have the benefit
of the excellent medical treatment of the
Hospital.

Mr. Barrett, the newly appointed Col-
lector of the port of New Orleans, has
recinded the order issued by him, requir-
ing persons transacting business at the
Custom House to appear with their hats
in hand.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Court of Probate, Jamestown, Aug. 6th, 1844
George Knowles, Administrator on the
estate of
SALLY KNOWLES,
late of Jamestown single woman, dec. pre-
sents his account on said estate for allow-
ance and for an order of distribution of the balance
of said account.

The same is received and referred for con-
sideration to a Court of Probate, to be held at
the Middle School House in Jamestown,
the 1st Monday in September next, at 2 o'clock
p. m., and notice thereof is ordered to be
given by an advertisement 3 times in the New-
port Mercury.

JOHN E. WATSON, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, Aug. 12th.
A. D. 1844.

WHEREAS James H. Bailey, Adminis-
trator on the estate of Francis Bailey,
late of Little Compton, dec. represented to
this Court that the personal estate of said
Francis Bailey is insufficient to pay the fu-
neral expenses, debts, and incidental charges,
due from said estate, by the probable sum of
fifty dollars, and requesting this Court to au-
thorize and empower him, to make sale of so
much of the real estate of said Francis Bailey,
as shall be necessary to make up the defi-
ciency of the Personal Estate, for the purposes
aforesaid.

Resolved that the foregoing request be re-
ceived, and the consideration thereof be re-
ferred to a Court of Probate to be held at the
Town Hall in said Little Compton on the 2d
Monday in September next, at 1 o'clock p. m.,
and that previous notice thereof be given, in
the Newport Mercury, three weeks successively,
that all persons interested may appear at
said time and place and be heard.

A true copy—witness,
OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives public
notice that he has been appointed
Executor to the last will and testament
of
PHILIP CHASE,
late of Little Compton, dec. and has ac-
cepted of said trust, and qualified himself
according to law, he therefore requests
all the debtors and creditors of said estate
to make settlement with him without de-
lay. THOS. W. CHASE, Executor.
Little Compton, August 17.

Commissioners' & Adminis- trators' Notice.

THE Subscribers having been appointed
by the Court of Probate for the town
of Newport, Commissioners to receive and
examine the claims against the estate of
CHARLES CASTOFF,
late of Newport, Mariner, deceased, and
six months from this date, being allowed
by said Court for the creditors to present
and prove their respective claims, we will
attend at the house of Charles E. Hammett
on the last Saturdays of October, November
and December at 2 p. m., for the
purpose of deciding on such claims.

CHARLES E. HAMMETT, } Comm'rs.
PETER P. REMINGTON, }
WM. J. HOLT, }

All persons indebted to said estate are
requested to make immediate payment to
CLARKE BURDICK, Adm'r.
Newport, July 1, 1844.

Administrator's Notice.

THE subscribers hereby give notice
that they have been duly appointed
Administrators on the estate of
ANDREW WINSLOW,
late of Newport dec. and have taken upon
themselves that trust by giving bonds as
the law directs. All persons having de-
mands against the said estate are re-
quested to present the same for settle-
ment; and all persons indebted to make
immediate payment to.

ANDREW WINSLOW, } Adm'r
WANTON T. SHERMAN, }

Administrators' Notice.

THE undersigned having been ap-
pointed by the Court of Probate
of the Town of Newport, administrators
on the estate of their father, Audley Clarke
late of Newport, dec., hereby request all
persons indebted to said estate to make
immediate payment to either of them,
and those having demands to present
them for settlement.

PELEG CLARKE, } Adm'rs.
WM. A. CLARKE, }
EDWARD CLARKE, }

Newport, April 4th, 1844. 11.

Commissioners' & Adminis- trators' Notice.

THE subscribers having been appointed
by the Hon. Court of Probate
of the town of Newport, commissioners
to receive, examine and allow the claims
of the Creditors of the estate of
PELEG WEAVER,
late of Newport, dec. represented insol-
vent, and six months from this date be-
ing allowed by said Court for the credi-
tors to present and prove their claims be-
fore said Commissioners, We will attend
at the house of Peter P. Remington, on
the last Saturdays in September, October,
and November next at 7 o'clock P. M.,
for the purpose of deciding on such
claims as may be presented against said
estate.

JAMES LAWTON, } Commis's.
DANIEL C. DUNHAM, }
HENRY TAGGART, }

All persons indebted to said estate are
requested to make immediate payment to
PETER P. REMINGTON,
Administrator with the Will annexed.
Newport, May 11, 1844.

RHODE ISLAND COAL

Of the First Quality.
NOW for sale on Chase's Wharf, at
prices heretofore unknown in these
parts, those that want good and cheap Fuel,
call upon
ISAIAH BURDICK, Agent.
Newport, Dec. 18

Marine and Fire Insurance

**THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COM-
PANY,** Providence, R. I. continue to
insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on
Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactures,
Building and Merchandise, and also against
MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—
The capital stock is
\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Directors
elected June 6th, 1842:—
William Rhodes, Solomon Townsend,
Wilbur Kelly, Tully D. Bowen,
Robert R. Stafford, Nathaniel Bishop,
Amos D. Smith, George S. Rathbone,
Resolved Waterman, Caleb Harris and
Shubael Hutchings, Jabez Bullock,
Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested
to direct their applications (which should be
accompanied with a particular description of
the property) per mail, to the resident and
Secretary of the Company, and the same will
meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made
in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.

WILLIAM RHODES, President.
ALLEN O. PECK, Sec'y.
American Insurance Co's }
Office, July 14, 1842.

Savings' Bank.

A DIVIDEND was declared this
Day, of two per cent. on all sums
that have been in for space of 6 months,
and one per cent. on all sums that have
been in for the space of 3 months, agree-
ably to the regulations of the Institution,
payable on and after Saturday, the 20th
inst.
C. GYLES, Treas'r.
Newport, July 20, 1844.

NEWPORT DYE-HOUSE.

John H. Clegg

SILK, COTTON, and WOOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his
friends and the public, that he
has taken the DYE HOUSE, formerly oc-
cupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner
street, where he is prepared to dye and
finish at 10 days notice in the best man-
ner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths, Silks,
Cassimeres, Crapes,
Merinos, Satins,
Circassians, Pongees,
Bombazines, Hosiery,
Gloves, &c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarns
merino, circassian, bombazine, and crape
dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments,
such as dress, frock and great coats, sur-
touts, vests, and pantaloons—died and pres-
erved without ripping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woolen
garments of every description, in a neat
style—merino and Cashmere shawls, clean-
ed and whitened, without injury to the bor-
der—carpets and woolen table cloths clean-
ed also.

All articles left at the Dye House in
Tanner Street, or the following Agents
will receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Ann
M. Eddy, next north of the Perry
Factory. A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John
Hedley, Portsmouth.
February 19, 1842.

Sea Baths on the Long Wharf

Nature's Grand Restorer.

EVERY DAY and EVENING from 6
o'clock a. m. to 9 p. m., (Sundays ex-
cepted) Warm, Shower, and Swimming
Baths. These baths impart agreeable
sensations to the mind, keep the skin clear
and clean, the body healthy and vigorous;
removing the dead particles of the cuticula,
causing the blood to circulate freely, light-
ning up a fresh and healthy glow in the most
salutary countenance.—Those who partici-
pate in these luxuries improve their dispo-
sition and memory.

E. TREVETT.

June 15.

House and Land For Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell
her estate in Portsmouth, R. I.
viz:—A new and convenient
dwelling House and out build-
ings, and two acres of land beautifully
situated about six miles from Newport
on the road leading to the Glen, within a
few rods of Mrs. Duffee's Tea-House.
The House is one story high with six
rooms on the floor and well finished
throughout, the land and fixtures are in
excellent order. Any person wishing
to purchase will examine for themselves.
The terms will be made easy.

SARAH C. GRINNELL.

Portsmouth June 8.

BIRDS, BIRDS, BIRDS.

JUST received and for sale, Bird
Cages of various patterns and prices;
bird seed of every kind and of the best
quality; bird glasses and bird books for
the management and treatment of birds—
all of which will be sold cheap at the
variety store of.

May 13.

T. STACY, Jr.

Marble and Brown Stone

MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs
his friends and the public generally
that he still continues to carry on the
Manufactory of Marble and other Stone
at the old stand No. 222, Thames-st.,
(North end) where he will manufacture
Monuments, Tomb and Head Stones of
the first quality of Italian and American
Marble and Slate, also hearths and free-
stone work of all descriptions.

Also, Soap Stone for lining stoves and
Grates all on the most reasonable terms.
Orders from any part of the Country
faithfully executed.

PHILIP STEVENS.

Newport, June 15, 1844.—1yr.

Congress Water.

JUST received and for sale fresh from the
Spring, at STACY'S Confectionary.

ADVICE GRATIS.

Important news to the Sick and Afflicted.

Mrs. Winchester,
Doctress, may be consulted at her resi-
dence,

Patients who are incapable from infirmity
of attending personally upon the Doctress,
can by sending a correct statement of their
case, be told whether they are curable or
not, such as consumptive complaints, coughs,
inflammation, weakness in the digest, kidney
complaints, piles, shortness of breath, asth-
ma, rheumatism, chronic and inflammatory
nervous complaints, scrofula humors, salt
rheum, erysipelas, phlegmatic complaints,
bleeding at the lungs, loss of appetite, hu-
mors in the blood, ulcers, bilious disorders,
fever and age, yellow fever, female com-
plaints, worms of different kinds, fever
sore, deafness, and other similar diseases
CERTIFICATES.

Thomaston, April 20, 1843.
This is to certify that I came under the
care of Mrs Winchester, after having been
given over by two Physicians with the
yellow fever and fever and ague, and much
swollen, and in five weeks I was restored to
good health by taking her medicine.

JOHN LEAVEY.

Plymouth, Sept 28th, 1842.

This is to certify that I came under the
care of Mrs Winchester, after having been
given over by my physician; he told me I
was in a consumption and there was no
help for me; but after taking her medicine
three weeks I was restored to good health.

SAMUEL A. SNOW.

Fall River, February 20, 1843.
I came under the care of Mrs Winchester
with weakness and a bad humor in the
blood, and female complaints; I had been
to several physicians and could get no help
after taking her medicine four weeks I was
restored to good health.

PHEBE BLACK.

Plymouth, Oct 15, 1843.

This is to certify that I came under the
care of Mrs Winchester with a bad humor
in the blood and the diarrhoea; I had sev-
eral physicians, they told me there was no
help for me; after taking her medicine two
weeks I was restored to my health.

CHARLES SANDERS.

Fall River, March 13, 1844

This is to certify that I had three fever
sore on my leg that had been standing 4
years, and a bad humor in my blood. I
came under Mrs Winchester's care and in
four weeks my leg was well.

WILLIAM H. MASON.

Fall River, Feb. 16, 1843.

This is to certify that I came under the
care of Mrs Winchester with a bad humor
and weakness in the blood, and had been
unable to work for one year; after taking
her medicine six weeks I can say I am in
good health.

ELMIRA SHERMAN.

Dartmouth, Aug 12th, 1842.

I came under the care of Mrs Winchester
after my physician had given me over
in a consumption, and for three weeks they
did not expect my life; after taking her
medicine, I was soon restored to health and
am able to do my work.

RHODA SMITH.

April 13th.

FALES CYPRIAN

HAIR TONIC,

**For the Growth, Preservation
and Restoration of the Hair.**

NO matter how bald a person may be,
a growth of hair will be produced, and as
naturally too as herbage grows on the plain, or
the lily in the valley. This Tonic is war-
ranted to cleanse the hair from Dandruff, and
every other accumulating substance. Is your
hair dry and falling off?—The Tonic will moist-
en and fix it firmly in the head. Is your hair
thin or your head bald?—The Tonic is war-
ranted to satisfy the largest desires in thick-
ening the hair in the first case and covering the
Bald Head with natural hair, in the second.
It is composed of these remedial agents that
restore the skin at once to a sound and healthy
condition, when thus restored, you will soon
discover on the head, a short soft and beautiful
growth of young hair, gradually increasing in
length, till it becomes like your other hair, was
before you began to lose it.

**FALES' COUGH, WORM, HEADACHE and
Diarrhoea or Dysentery LOZENGES** are safe,
certain and agreeable remedies for the diseases
for which they are recommended.

Numerous, speedy and surprising cures have
been effected by their use, hence their populari-
ty.

DYOTT'S ORACLE OF HEALTH. (Philadelphia)
Says that Fales' Medicated Lozenges are con-
sidered by those who have used them, to be
far superior to Sherman's or any other intro-
duced into that market.

THE COUGH LOZENGES, are beneficial in all
cases of common colds, whooping cough, asth-
matic affections, inflammation of the throat
and lungs; they are also particularly beneficial
for the croup, and a very good substitute for
the celebrated Hives Syrup, Cough Candies,
Quincy Cordials, Pulmonary Balsams, &c.

THE WORM LOZENGES, are a safe and sure
remedy for Worms. Two or three is a dose
for very small children, and five or six for
larger ones.

THE DYSENTERY LOZENGES, are a certain
and agreeable remedy for Diarrhoea, and Bowel
Complaints of Children—Full directions as to
diet and manner of taking them, accompany
each box.

THE HEADACHE or CAMPHOR LOZENGES, are
beneficial in cases of nervous headache in fe-
verous affections of a typhus character. They
are useful in Rheumatism and peripneumony;
also in eruptive diseases, to favor the eruption
or bring it back when it has suddenly receded
from the skin, as sometimes happens in measles
and small pox.

N. B. Be sure that J. J. FALES, M. D., Bos-
ton, is on the side of the Box that you buy.

For sale in Newport, at the Confec-
tionary and Variety store of
T. STACY, Jr.

July 1.

NEW GOODS,

RECEIVED ON THURSDAY,

Plaid Poplins, Balzorines, Striped and
checked Muslins, Sun shades, Gambroons,
Balzorine Shawls, & Balzorine Prints.
J. M. COOK.
Newport, June 8.

ICE CREAM, &C.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform
the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place
and those visiting here, that his

SALOON,

OVER HIS CONFECTIONARY STORE,
Corner of Frank and Thames streets,
Is open day and evening, for the reception
of Company.

Those who feel disposed to call will always
find it well supplied with Ice Cream, Water
Ices, Fruit, Cakes, Pastry, Lemonade, Soda
Water and every other article usually kept at
such establishments. All of which are war-
ranted of the best kind, or no sale.